ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL										
REPORT TO: EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE										
DATE:	28 NOVEMBER 2016									
SUBJECT:	THE COUNCIL TAX BASE FOR 2017/2018									
PORTFOLIO HOLDER(S):	COUNCILLOR HYWEL EIFION JONES (PORTFOLIO HOLDER - FINANCE)									
HEAD OF SERVICE:	MARC JONES - HEAD OF FUNCTION (RESOURCES) (SECTION 151 OFFICER)									
REPORT AUTHOR: GERAINT H JONES (REVENUE AND BENEFITS SERVICE MANAGER)										
TEL: E-MAIL:	01248 752651 ghifi@ynysmon.gov.uk									
LOCAL MEMBERS: N/A										

## A - Recommendation/s and Reason/s

I recommend that the Executive makes the following decisions:-

- To note the calculation of the Council Tax Base by the Head of Function (Resources) and the Section151 Officer, this will be used by the Welsh Government in the calculation of the Revenue Support Grant for the Isle of Anglesey County Council for the 2017/18 financial year, being 30,735.70, (see Appendix A in respect of the calculation of the Council Tax Base for this purpose – Part E6).
- That the calculation by the Head of Function (Resources) and the Section 151 Officer for the purpose of setting the Council Tax Base for the whole and parts of the area for the year 2017/18 is approved (see Appendix A for the calculation of the tax base – Part E5).
- **3.** That, in accordance with the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and the Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base)(Wales) Regulations 1995 (SI19956/2561) as amended by SI1999/2935 and the Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base) and Council Tax (Prescribed Classes of Dwellings) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2004, and the Local Authority (Calculation of Council Tax Base) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2016, the amounts calculated by Isle of Anglesey County Council as its tax base for the year 2017/18 shall be 30,794.83 and as follows for the parts of the area listed below :-

Amlwch	1,476.75	Llaneilian	554.32
Beaumaris	1,066.68	Llannerch-y-medd	510.62
Holyhead	3,810.66	Llaneugrad	185.26
Llangefni	1,928.63	Llanfair Mathafarn Eithaf	1,778.79
Menai Bridge	1,413.85	Cylch y Garn	405.67
Llanddaniel-fab	372.16	Mechell	535.65
Llanddona	366.05	Rhosybol	467.18
Cwm Cadnant	1,150.08	Aberffraw	299.58
Llanfair Pwlllgwyngyll	1,311.96	Bodedern	428.35
Llanfihangel Esceifiog	680.63	Bodffordd	426.99
Bodorgan	446.64	Trearddur	1,293.84
Llangoed	648.43	Tref Alaw	245.15
Llangristiolus and Cerrigceinwen	608.48	Llanfachraeth	225.49
Llanidan	412.75	Llanfaelog	1,262.29
Rhosyr	991.35	Llanfaethlu	289.70
Penmynydd	235.22	Llanfair-yn-Neubwll	565.93
Pentraeth	558.84	Valley	970.49
Moelfre	625.35	Bryngwran	355.78
Llanbadrig	667.73	Rhoscolyn	359.49
Llanddyfnan	498.77	Trewalchmai	363.29

## **REASONS AND BACKGROUND**

The calculations have been made in accordance with the Welsh Government Guidelines for Council Tax Dwellings (CT1 v.1.0) 2017/18 based on the number of properties in various bands on the valuation list on October 31, 2016 and summarised by the Authority under section 22B (7) of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, as supplemented by the Local Government Act 2003. The calculations take into account discounts, exemptions and premiums as well as changes to the valuation list likely during 2017/18.

The Isle of Anglesey County Council, as the billing authority, is required to calculate the Council Tax base for its area and different parts of its area and these amounts must be notified to the precepting and levying bodies by 31 December 2016. This year, the Welsh Government has requested the information for the purpose of setting the Revenue Support Grant by 23 November 2016 and for tax setting purposes (ratified by Executive decision) by 4 January, 2017.

The calculations in **Appendix A** are based on discounts of nil being confirmed for Classes A, B and C for 2017/18 by the full Council at its meeting on 28 February, 2017 and it takes into account the decision of the full Council on 10 March 2016 to charge premiums of 25% for relevant second homes and empty homes for 2017/18. The calculations are also based on the full Council confirming, at its meeting on 15 December 2016, that the current local Council Tax Reduction Scheme will continue as currently for 2017/18. The Welsh Government is continuing to fully meet the costs of the previous UK national scheme but costs arising from caseloads and / or increase in Council Tax will fall on local councils.

# THE COUNCIL TAX BASE FOR CALCULATING THE REVENUE SUPPORT GRANT

The total band D equivalent discount, before adjusting for the collection rate, and which includes allowance for Ministry of Defence properties, will be used in calculating claims for the Revenue Support Grant for 2017/18. **BUT**, this total, which is used in calculating the RSG, **excludes adjustments for premiums.** This figure is calculated to be 30,735.70 (compared to 30,708.93 for 2016/17).

# THE TAX BASE FOR TAX SETTING PURPOSES

The total band D equivalent discount that is used for tax setting purposes has been adjusted by a provision for non-collection, which continues to be 1.5% and also includes allowance for Ministry of Defence properties. This figure is calculated to be 30, 794.83. Note, therefore, that the figures under recommendation 3 include the adjustments for premiums.

The total base proposed for 2017/18 for the purpose of tax setting purposes is 30,794.83. This compares with 30,250.23 for 2016/17 and is an increase of 1.8%.

1.7% of this increase can be attributed to the effect of a 25% premium on relevant empty homes and second homes. The remaining increase of 0.1% is due to the normal adjustments for expected completion and occupation of new properties, adjusted for exemptions and discounts.

As a result of the increase of 1.7% in the tax base for 2017/18, which is attributed to the impact of charging a premium of 25%, it is projected that this will raise additional income (assuming an increase of 3% in the Council Tax) of almost £567k (518.29 x £1,093.30 (the expected band D for the Isle of Anglesey County Council for 2017/18 after taking into account an increase of 3%) = £566,646. It must also be noted that a downward adjustment of 30% has been made to the figures for the relevant properties, in estimating the impact of charging premiums of 25% on the tax base. It is presumed that this is a sufficient adjustment in terms of the accuracy of our figures regarding vacant houses and second homes where the premiums will apply.

The Executive Committee has requested a report in January 2017 on how the additional income will be spent.

#### B - What other options did you consider and why did you reject them and / or opt for this option?

The full Council has the discretion, under regulations made under Section 12 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and, subsequently, under the Local Government Act 2003, to set discounts for prescribed classes of dwellings (mainly second homes and holiday homes (Classes A and B)). When this was introduced, the full Council decided to set a discount of nil for both prescribed classes A and B and this has been confirmed annually thereafter. In March 2007, the full Council, on the recommendation of the Executive, also set a discount of nil for Prescribed Class C (certain types of long term empty properties) for the first time and has done so annually thereafter.

To award discounts of 25%, 50% or 100% would be contrary to full Council policy and this option was rejected.

The full Council, on 10 March, 2016, resolved to charge premiums of 25% on relevant second homes and empty properties. The calculation and recommendations herein are in accordance with that decision.

#### C – Why is this a decision for the Executive?

Until 2004, this calculation was determined by the full Council. This function has now been removed from the list of functions reserved for the full Council. Decisions relating to discounts (along with premiums in future) and the setting of a local Council Tax Reduction Scheme however still remain the responsibility of the full Council rather than the Executive.

## CH – Is this decision consistent with policy approved by the full Council?

The calculation of the tax base takes into account the full Council's current approved policy on the granting of discounts for prescribed classes A, B and C and also the full Council's policy on awarding up to 100% Council Tax Reduction to those eligible under the Council's local scheme.

The full Council, on 10 March, 2016, resolved to charge premiums of 25% on relevant second homes and empty properties. The calculation and recommendations herein are in accordance with that decision.

#### D – Is this decision within the budget approved by the Council?

The tax base calculation will enable the full Council to set its Council Tax requirement to meet its approved budget for 2017/18.

DD - W	ho did you consult?	What did they say?					
1	Chief Executive / Senior Leadership Team (SLT)	No comment					
	(mandatory)						
2	Finance / Section 151 (mandatory)	Author of the report.					
3	Legal / Monitoring Officer (mandatory)	No comment					
4	Human Resources (HR)						
5	Property						
6	Information Communication Technology (ICT)						
7	Scrutiny						
8	Local members						
9	Any external bodies / other / other						

E - Risks and any mitigation (if relevant)								
1	Economic							
2	Anti-poverty							
3	Crime and Disorder							
4	Environmental							
5	equalities							
6	Outcome agreements							
7	Other	The calculation of the tax base may not be sufficiently accurate i.e. inaccurate calculation of exemptions and discounts, inaccurate calculation of the number of dwellings for which the 25% premium is applicable, the changes likely to take place in 2017/18 incorrect, such as underestimation of erosion in the tax base over the years e.g. banding reductions and an overly optimistic collection rate. The risk to the Council would be a shortfall in the Council Tax collected during the year.						
		Mitigation is by taking a conservative approach when estimating new builds and for properties for which a premium can be charged and by making an allowance for the erosion of the tax base and the collection rate.						
F - Att	achments:							

Appendix A: Calculation for the Local Tax Base 2017/18

# FF - Background Papers (please contact the author of the report for further information):

Welsh Government guidance on Council Tax Dwellings (CT1) 2017/18

## APPENDIX A

#### CALCULATION OF LOCAL TAX BASE 2017/18

	BAND	A*	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	TOTAL
Part A	CHARGEABLE DWELLINDS											
A.1 A.2 A.3	All Chargeable Dwellings Dwellings subject to disability reduction Adjusted chargeable dwellings (taking into account disability reductions)	18	4,546 18 4,568	6,599 40 6,605	6,511 46 6,554	7,056 89 7,044	5,318 77 5,291	2,554 50 2,520	1,029 16 1,023	158 10 154	48 6 42	33,819 352 33,819
Part B	DISCOUNT AND PREMIUM ADJUSTMENTS											
B.1	Dwellings with no discount or premium (including empty properties and second homes with no discount or premium)	10	1,772	3,635	3,856	4,436	3,652	1,879	751	104	28	20,123
B.2a	Dwellings with a 25% discount (excluding empty properties and second homes)	8	2,591	2,726	2,283	2,111	1,257	447	169	23	4	11,619
B.2b	Dwellings with a 50% discount (excluding empty properties and second homes)	0	5	4	13	17	15	4	10	4	0	72
B.3a	Dwellings with a variable discount other than 25% or 50%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B.3b	Dwellings with empty property or second homes discount	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B.3c	Dwellings with empty property or second homes premiums	0	200	240	402	480	367	190	93	23	10	2,005
B.4	Total adjusted chargeable dwellings	18	4,568	6,605	6,554	7,044	5,291	2,,520	1,023	154	42	33,819

# CALCULATION OF LOCAL TAX BASE 2017/18

	BAND	<b>A</b> *	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	TOTAL
Part C	CALCULATION OF CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS WITH DISCOUNTS AND PREMIUMS											
C.2	Total dwellings including discounts and premiums	16	3,968	5,982	6,077	6,628	5,061	2,454	999	152	44	
C.3	Ratio to Band D	5/9	6/9	7/9	8/9	1	11/9	13/9	15/9	18/9	21/9	
C.4	Band D equivalents (rounded to two decimal places)	8.89	2,645.17	4,652.28	5,402.00	6,627.75	6,185.67	3,544.31	1,665.00	304.00	101.50	31,136.57
C.5	Total discounted dwellings excluding premium adjustment	16	3,918	5,922	5,977	6,508	4,969	2,406	976	146	41	
C.6	Band D equivalent excluding premium adjustment	8.89	2,611,83	4,605.61	5,312.67	6,507.75	6,073.53	3,475.69	1,626.25	292.50	95.67	30,610.39
Part E												
E.1	Chargeable dwellings: Band D equivalents										31,136.57	
E.2	Collection rate (rounded to two decimal places)										98.50%	
E.3	= E1 x E2 (rounded to 2 decimal places)										30,669.52	
E.4	Class O exempt dwellings: Band D equivalents Ministry of Defence properties										125.31	
E.5	Council Tax base for tax setting purposes										30,794.83	
E.5a	Discounted properties excluding premium adjustment										30,610.39	
E.6	100% of Council Tax base for calculating revenue support grant										30,735.70	